

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. A system for re-routing signals from an affected optical path in an
2 optical network, comprising:
3 a first node configured to generate a message upon detecting a condition
4 indicating that the signals from the affected optical path need to be re-routed via a protection
5 path to the first node, the first node is further configured to, upon generating the message,
6 reserve a wavelength in the protection path, wherein the wavelength corresponds to the
7 signals from the affected optical path so as to allow the signals from the affected optical path
8 to be re-routed via the protection path;
9 at least one intermediate node configured to receive and transmit the message;
10 and
11 a second node configured to receive the message from the at least one
12 intermediate node and reserve the wavelength in the protection path based on the information
13 provided in the message, the second node is further configured to, upon receiving the
14 message, generate an acknowledgment message to be transmitted to the first node via the at
15 least one intermediate node.
- 1 2. The system according to claim 1 wherein the at least one intermediate
2 node is further configured to reserve the wavelength in the protection path based on
3 information provided in the message.
- 1 3. The system according to claim 1 further comprising:
2 contention control logic configured to resolve priority between the message
3 and a second message with respect to reserving the wavelength in the protection path.
- 1 4. The system according to claim 3 wherein the contention control logic
2 is associated with the first node, the at least one intermediate node and the second node.
- 1 5. The system according to claim 4 wherein:
2 if the contention control logic determines at the first node that the message
3 does not have priority over the second message, the first node is caused to store the message
4 in a queue for subsequent processing;
5 if the contention control logic determines at the at least one intermediate node
6 that the message does not have priority over the second message, the at least one intermediate
7 node is caused to generate and transmit a first reject message to the first node; and

8 if the contention control logic determines at the second node that the message
9 does not have priority over the second message, the second node is caused to generate and
10 transmit a second reject message to the first node.

1 6. The system according to claim 1 wherein upon receiving the
2 acknowledgment message, the at least one intermediate node and the first node are ready to
3 carry the signals re-routed from the affected optical path via the protection path using the
4 reserved wavelength.

1 7. The system according to claim 6 wherein upon receiving the
2 acknowledgment message and prior to the at least one intermediate node and the first node
3 become ready to carry the signals re-routed from the affected optical path, the at least one
4 intermediate node and the first node each check to determine whether the message is still
5 valid.

1 8. The system according to claim 1 wherein the message includes a
2 message type field, a first node ID field, a second node ID field, a wavelength ID field, and a
3 failure type field.

1 9. The system according to claim 8 wherein the message further includes
2 a priority field.

1 10. The system according to claim 1 wherein the optical network is a bi-
2 directional path switched ring network.

1 11. The system according to claim 1 wherein the condition is caused by a
2 failure relating to the affected optical path.

1 12. The system according to claim 1 wherein the condition is caused by
2 network maintenance to be performed on the affected optical path.

1 13. A system for re-routing signals from an affected optical path,
2 comprising:
3 a first node configured to generate a message upon detecting a condition
4 indicating that the signals from the affected optical path need to be re-routed via a protection
5 path to the first node;

6 first contention control logic associated with the first node and configured to,
7 upon generation of the message by the first node, determine whether a wavelength in the
8 protection path is available, wherein the wavelength corresponds to the signals from the
9 affected optical path so as to allow the signals from the affected optical path to be re-routed
10 via the protection path, and wherein if it is determined that the wavelength is available, the
11 first contention control logic causes the first node to reserve the wavelength and forward the
12 message, and if it is determined that the wavelength is not available, the first contention
13 control logic causes the first node to store the message in a queue for subsequent processing;
14 at least one intermediate node configured to receive the message;
15 intermediate contention control logic associated with the at least one
16 intermediate node and configured to determine whether the wavelength is available, wherein
17 if it is determined that the wavelength is available, the intermediate contention control logic
18 causes the at least one intermediate node to reserve the wavelength and forward the message,
19 and if it is determined that the wavelength is not available, the intermediate contention
20 control logic causes the at least one intermediate node to generate and transmit a first reject
21 message to the first node; and
22 a second node configured to receive the message from the at least one
23 intermediate node; and
24 second contention control logic associated with the second node and
25 configured to, upon receiving the message, determine whether the wavelength is available,
26 wherein if it is determined that the wavelength is available, the second contention control
27 logic causes the second node to reserve the wavelength and generate an acknowledgment
28 message to be transmitted to the first node via the at least one intermediate node, and if it is
29 determined that the wavelength is not available, the second contention control logic causes
30 the second node to generate and transmit a second reject message to the first node;
31 wherein:
32 upon transmitting the acknowledgment message, the second node is ready to
33 re-route the signals from the affected optical path to the protection path using the wavelength;
34 and
35 upon receiving the acknowledgment message, the at least one intermediate
36 node and the first node each check to determine whether the message is still valid and, if the
37 message is still valid, the at least one intermediate node and the first become ready to carry
38 the signals re-routed from the affected optical path via the protection path using the
39 wavelength.

1 14. The system according to claim 13 wherein the message includes a
2 message type field, a first node ID field, a second node ID field, a wavelength ID field, and a
3 failure type field.

1 15. The system according to claim 14 wherein the message further
2 includes a priority field.

1 16. The system according to claim 13 wherein the optical network is a bi-
2 directional path switched ring network.

1 17. The system according to claim 13 wherein the condition is caused by a
2 failure relating to the affected optical path.

1 18. The system according to claim 13 wherein the condition is caused by
2 network maintenance to be performed on the affected optical path.

1 19. An optical network, comprising:
2 a destination node configured to receive signals transmitted via an optical
3 path, and generate a message upon detecting a condition indicating that the signals
4 transmitted via the optical path need to be re-routed via a protection path, the destination
5 node is further configured to, upon generating the message, reserve a wavelength in the
6 protection path, wherein the wavelength corresponds to the signals so as to allow the signals
7 to be re-routed from the optical path to the protection path;
8 one or more intermediate nodes each configured to receive and transmit the
9 message and reserve the wavelength in the protection path based on information provided in
10 the message; and
11 a source node configured to transmit the signals via the optical path and, upon
12 receiving the message from an intermediate node, reserve the wavelength in the protection
13 path so as to allow the signals to be re-routed from the optical path to the protection path and
14 generate an acknowledgment message to be transmitted to the destination node via the one or
15 more intermediate nodes.

1 20. The optical network according to claim 19 further comprising:
2 contention control logic configured to resolve priority between the message
3 and a second message with respect to reserving the wavelength in the protection path.

1 21. The optical network according to claim 20 wherein the contention
2 control logic is associated with the destination node, the one or more intermediate nodes and
3 the source node.

1 22. The optical network according to claim 19 wherein:
2 upon transmitting the acknowledgment message, the source node is ready to
3 re-route the signals from the optical path to the protection path using the reserved
4 wavelength; and
5 upon receiving the acknowledgment message, the one or more intermediate
6 nodes and the destination node are ready to carry the signals re-routed from the optical path
7 via the protection path using the reserved wavelength.

1 23. The optical network according to claim 22 wherein upon receiving the
2 acknowledgment message and prior to the one or more intermediate nodes and the destination
3 node become ready to carry the signals re-routed from the optical path, the one or more
4 intermediate nodes and the destination node each check to determine whether the message is
5 still valid.

1 24. The optical network according to claim 19 wherein the message
2 includes a message type field, a first node ID field, a second node ID field, a wavelength ID
3 field, and a failure type field.

1 25. The optical network according to claim 24 wherein the message further
2 includes a priority field.

1 26. The optical network according to claim 19 wherein the optical network
2 is a bi-directional path switched ring network.

1 27. The optical network according to claim 19 wherein the condition is
2 caused by a failure relating to the optical path.

1 28. The optical network according to claim 19 wherein the condition is
2 caused by network maintenance to be performed on the optical path.

1 29. A node for use in an optical network, comprising:
2 first control logic configured to:

3 detect a condition indicating that signals from a first optical path to the
4 node need to be re-routed via a first protection path in order to reach the node;
5 upon detecting the condition, generate a message;
6 upon generating the message, reserve a first wavelength in the first
7 protection path, wherein the first wavelength corresponds to the signals from the first optical
8 path so as to allow the signals from the first optical path to be re-routed via the first
9 protection path; and
10 forward the message to a first neighboring node; and
11 second control logic configured to:
12 receive an incoming message from a second neighboring node;
13 examine the incoming message and reserve a second wavelength in a
14 second protection path, wherein the second wavelength corresponds to signals from a second
15 optical path so as to allow the signals from the second optical path to be re-routed via the
16 second protection path; and
17 if the signals from the second optical path are originated from the
18 node, generate and transmit an acknowledgment message to the second neighboring node,
19 and if the signals from the second optical path are not originated from the node, forward the
20 incoming message to an adjacent node.

1 30. The node according to claim 29 further comprising:
2 contention control logic configured to resolve contention arising out of
3 reservation of the first wavelength and the second wavelength respectively.

1 31. The node according to claim 29 wherein the optical network is a bi-
2 directional path switched ring network.

1 32. The node according to claim 29 wherein the condition is caused by a
2 failure relating to the first optical path.

1 33. The node according to claim 29 wherein the condition is caused by
2 network maintenance to be performed on the first optical path.

1 34. A method for re-routing signals from an affected optical path in an
2 optical network, comprising:

3 detecting a condition at a destination node that is to receive the signals, the
4 condition indicating that the signals need to be re-routed via a protection path in order to
5 reach the destination node;
6 generating a message that includes information relating to the signals;
7 directing the destination node to reserve a wavelength in the protection path,
8 wherein the wavelength corresponds to the signals so as to allow the signals to be re-routed
9 via the protection path;
10 forwarding the message via one or more intermediate nodes to a source node
11 that originates the signals;
12 directing each intermediate node which receives the message to reserve the
13 wavelength in the protection path;
14 upon receiving the message at the source node, directing the source node to
15 reserve the wavelength in the protection path and generate and transmit an acknowledgment
16 message to the destination node via the one or more intermediate nodes.

1 35. The method according to claim 34 further comprising:
2 resolving priority between the message and a second message with respect to
3 reserving the wavelength in the protection path.

1 36. The method according to claim 34 further comprising:
2 upon receiving the acknowledgment message, directing the one or more
3 intermediate nodes and the destination node to check whether the message remains valid.

1 37. The method according to claim 34 wherein the optical network is a bi-
2 directional path switched ring network.

1 38. The method according to claim 34 wherein the condition is caused by a
2 failure relating to the affected optical path.

1 39. The method according to claim 34 wherein the condition is caused by
2 network maintenance to be performed on the affected optical path.